RULES.

1. Every candidate for appointment must, in addition to being domiciled in India be either a British subject or a ruler or subject of a State in India in respect of whom the Governor-General in Council has made a declaration under section 96-A of the Government of India Act.

If the candidate (being a British subject) or his father or mother was not born within His Majesty's Dominions or allegiance, the father must, at the time of the candidate's birth have been a British subject or the subject of a State in India; and if alive must be, or if dead must have continued to be until his death, a British subject or a subject of such State.

2. A candidate must have attained the age of 21 and must not have attained the age of 23 on the 1st day of August in the year in which the selection is made.

3. A candidate must be free from disease, constitutional affection, or bodily infirmity, unfitting him, or likely to unfit him, for the Indian Civil Service.

4. A candidate must satisfy the Governor-General in Council that his character is such as to qualify him for employment in the Indian Civil Service.

5. A candidate must hold a degree of a University incorporated by law in British India, or of the *Mysore University*, or the senior diploma of the Mayo College, Ajmer.

6. The Governor-General in Council, having regard to the needs of the Local Governments, shall call on the Local Governments to recommend such number of candidates as he may direct.

7. The recommendations called for under Rule 6 shall be made in the first instance from the list of candidates who sat at the annual competitive examination held in India for the Indian Civil Service in the year in which the selection is to be made, and secondly from the list of those who, having applied to sit for that examination, were not awarded a certificate of selection. If sufficient suitable candidates are not available from those sources the Local Government shall call for fresh applications.

8. The Governor-General in Council, after considering the recommendations received from the Local Governments, shall propose candidates for appointment.

9. In the event of a candidate being selected for appointment he will be required to proceed to England on probation for two years. The rules for his probation will be the same as those prescribed for candidates successful at the competitive examination.

10. Any attempt on the part of a candidate to enlist support for his application through persons of influence will disqualify him for appointment. Spontaneous recommendations from persons who are not themselves acquainted with the candidate's work at school or at the University, or otherwise, will be disregarded.

No. G. 14530—*P. P.* 22-23-12, *dated 8th May* 1924.

Whereas by the Notification by the Government of India in the Foreign Department No. 176, dated 31st December 1875, the Indian Christian Marriage Act, 1872, was, with certain modifications, declared to apply to the territories of Mysore so far as regards marriages between persons one of whom is an Indian Christian subject of Mysore and neither of whom is a Christian British subject.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Sections 6 and 9 respectively of the said Act, the powers to solemnize marriages within the territories of Mysore and outside the limits of the Civil and Military Station, Bangalore, and to grant certificates of marriage within the said territories between the Indian Christians conferred on the Reverend F. Goodwill and the Reverend E. V. Paget in Notification Nos. 6854—Mis. F. 267-92, dated the 13th December 1897 and 16114—G. F. 267-92, dated the 31st March 1902 respectively are hereby revoked.

By Order,
K. MATTHAN,
Chief Secretary to Government.

LOCAL AND LEGISLATIVE SECRETARIAT.

No. P. 6213—*Pol.* 176-23-2, *dated* 13*th May* 1924.

Whereas the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore have reason to believe that the tribe, gang or class of persons commonly known as "Ghattiwaddars" in the Shimoga District is addicted to the systematic commission of non-bailable offences, it is hereby notified under Section 3 of Regulation No. VII of 1916, (The Mysore Criminal Tribes Regulation) that such tribe, gang or class is a criminal tribe for the purpose of the said Regulation.

No. P. 6215—*Pol.* 176-23-3, *dated* 13*th May* 1924.

Whereas the tribe, gang or class of persons commonly known as "Ghattiwaddars" in the Shimoga District, has in Notification No. P. 6213—Police 176-23-2, dated 13th May 1924, been declared a criminal tribe under Section 3 of Regulation No. VII of 1916. (The Mysore Criminal Tribes Regulation), the District Magistrate, Shimoga is hereby directed under Section 4 of the said Regulation to make a register of its members.

No. P. 6217—*Pol.* 176-23-4, *dated* 13*th May* 1924.

The tribe, gang or class of persons commonly known in the Shimoga District as "Ghattiwaddars" having been in Notification No. P. 6215—Police 176-23-3, dated 13th May 1924 declared as criminal tribe for the purpose of the Regulation VII of 1916, (The Mysore Criminal Tribes Regulation) the Government of His Highness the Maharaja do hereby direct that the movements of the members of the said tribe, gang or class be restricted to the limits of the taluks in which they are at present residing.

No. L. 8781—*Ml.* 5-23-13, *dated* 7*th May* 1924.

Government are pleased to withdraw from the acquisition ordered in Government Notification No. R. 2973-4—Ml. 3-20-3, dated the 28th August 1920, of 3 guntas of land out of Survey No. 95 at Gudibanda required for the construction of a Panchama Schbol at the place.

No. L. 8816—*Ml.* 61-23-43, *dated* 8*th May* 1924.

Under Section 2 (1) of the Mysore Vaccination Regulation, I of 1906, it is hereby declared that vaccination shall be compulsory for a period of three years commencing from 1st May 1924, within the limits of the marginally noted Municipalities in the Shimoga District.

1. Shikarpur.
2. Bhadravati.
3. Kallurkatte.
4. Tirthahalli.

No. L. 8873—*L. B.* 64-23-4, *dated* 12*th May* 1924.

Under Sections 12 and 37 (*i*) and (*j*) of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased to make the following rules for the consideration and submission of local subjects that are not within the powers of disposal of the District Boards and that are referred to them for opinion under Government Order No. L. 7265-327—L. B. 124-23-1, dated the 13th March 1924.

(1) The President of the District Board will fix a suitable date for the consideration of the local subjects forwarded to the District Board for opinion and he will invite the members of the Representative Assembly by whom the subjects were brought forward to be present at the meeting in order that they may assist the Board in coming to a decision.

(2) The District Board may then record its opinion on all such subjects in the form of resolutions and the President will send copies of the resolutions to the Deputy Commissioner.

(3) The Deputy Commissioner after consulting such of the local officers as he considers necessary, will submit the resolutions to Government with his own views within a period of two months of the date of receipt of the resolutions of the District Board by him.

By Order,
K. V. ANANTARAMAN,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments (in charge).

No. P. 6228—*E. C.* 17-23-4, *dated* 14*th May* 1924.

OFFICIAL MEMORANDUM.

In modification of the date fixed in paragraph 8 of Government Order No. P. 5050-110—E. C. 17-23-1, dated 10th March 1924, the inaugural meeting of the Mysore Economic Conference will be held in the Jagan Mohan Palace Pavilion at Mysore on Saturday the 14th June 1924 at 12 noon.

By Order,
C. ABDUL GHANI,
For *Secretary to Government,*
Local and Legislative Departments.